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equity in this state, where any person or persons may be surrendered by his or their bail in discharge of themselves, it shall and may be lawful for the person or persons so surrendered to take the benefit of the prison rules of the county, under the same rules, regulations, and restrictions prescribed for the benefit of defendants arrested and in custody under a writ of *capias ad satisfaciendum*. take the benefit of prison rules.

JAMES FENTRESS,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

W. HALL,

Speaker of the Senate, *pro tem*.

October 18, 1821.

CHAPTER XII.

An Act prescribing certain duties of Sheriffs in this state.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee, That hereafter it shall not be lawful for any sheriff within this state to appoint more than two deputies within the county for which he shall have been appointed sheriff, nor shall it be lawful for a Justice of the Peace to act as deputy sheriff during his continuance in office : *Provided* nothing hereit shall be so construed as to apply to, or prohibit special deputations on urgent occasions, and deputations for the purpose of holding elections. Sheriff to, appoint not more than two deputies. No Justice to be a deputy.

JAMES FENTRESS,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

W. HALL,

Speaker of the Senate, *pro tem*.

October 19, 1821.

CHAPTER XIII.

An Act to prevent the wearing of dangerous and unlawful weapons.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee, That from and after the passage of this act, each and every person so degrading himself, by carrying a dirk, sword cane, French knife, Spanish stiletto, belt or pocket pistols, either public or private, shall pay a fine of five dollars for every such offence, which may be recovered by warrant before any Justice of the Peace, in the name of the county and for its use, in which the offence may have been committed ; and it shall be the duty of a Justice to issue a warrant on the application on oath of any Fine for carrying weapons.

Exception
as to travel-
lers and the
strop of a shot
pouch.

person applying ; and that it shall be the duty of every Judge, Justice of the Peace, Sheriff, Coroner and Constable within this state to see that this act shall have its full effect : *Provided nevertheless*, That nothing herein contained shall affect any person that may carry a knife of any size in a conspicuous manner on the strop of a shot pouch, or any person that may be on a journey to any place out of his county or state.

JAMES FENTRESS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
W. HALL,
Speaker of the Senate, *pro tempore*

October 19, 1821.

CHAPTER XIV.

An Act directing the proceedings in cases of forcible entry and detainer.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee*: That no person or persons shall enter upon or into any lands, tenements or other possessions, and detain or hold the same but where entry is given by law, and then only in a peaceable manner.

What shall
be a forcible
entry and de-
tainer.

SEC. 2. *Be it enacted*, That if any person shall enter upon or into any lands, tenements, or other possessions and detain and hold the same with force or strong hand, or with weapons, or by breaking open the doors, windows or other part of a house whether any person be in it or not, or by any kind of violence whatsoever, or by threatening to kill, maim, or beat the party in possession, or by such words, circumstances or actions as have a natural tendency to excite fear or apprehension of danger, or by putting out of doors or carrying away the goods of the party in possession, or by entering peaceably, and then turning by force or frightening by threats or other circumstances of terror, the party out of possession, in such case every person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a forcibly entry and detainer, within the meaning of this act.

Whatever
makes an en-
try forcible,
makes a de-
tainer forc-
ible.

SEC. 3. *Be it enacted*, That no person who shall lawfully or peaceably enter upon, or into any lands, tenements, or other possessions, shall hold or keep the same unlawfully, and with force or strong hand, or weapons, or violence, or menaces, or terrifying words, circumstances or actions aforesaid, and it is